

HAJDÚ-BIHAR:

- 1
- Berettyóújfalu
 - Hencida • Komádi
 - Magyarhomorog
 - Mezőpeterd

BORSOD-ABAUJ-ZEMPLÉN:

- 2
- Borsodnádásd
 - Arló
 - Járdánháza
 - Borsodszentgyörgy

HEVES:

- 3
- Heves
 - Átány
 - Kömlő
 - Tiszanána

JÁSZ- NAGYHUN - SZOLNOK:

- 4
- Jászapáti
 - Jászkisér
 - Jászivány

MI RÉSZT
VESZÜNK BENNE!



Indicators for routine PHC monitoring

(National Health Insurance Fund,
University of Debrecen)

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Budapest, 12/04/2017

1. GPC services – evidence based interventions

2. Service specific monitoring:
Was the adaptation successful (among exposed)?

Service specific indicators

3. Population level monitoring:
What was the population level impact?

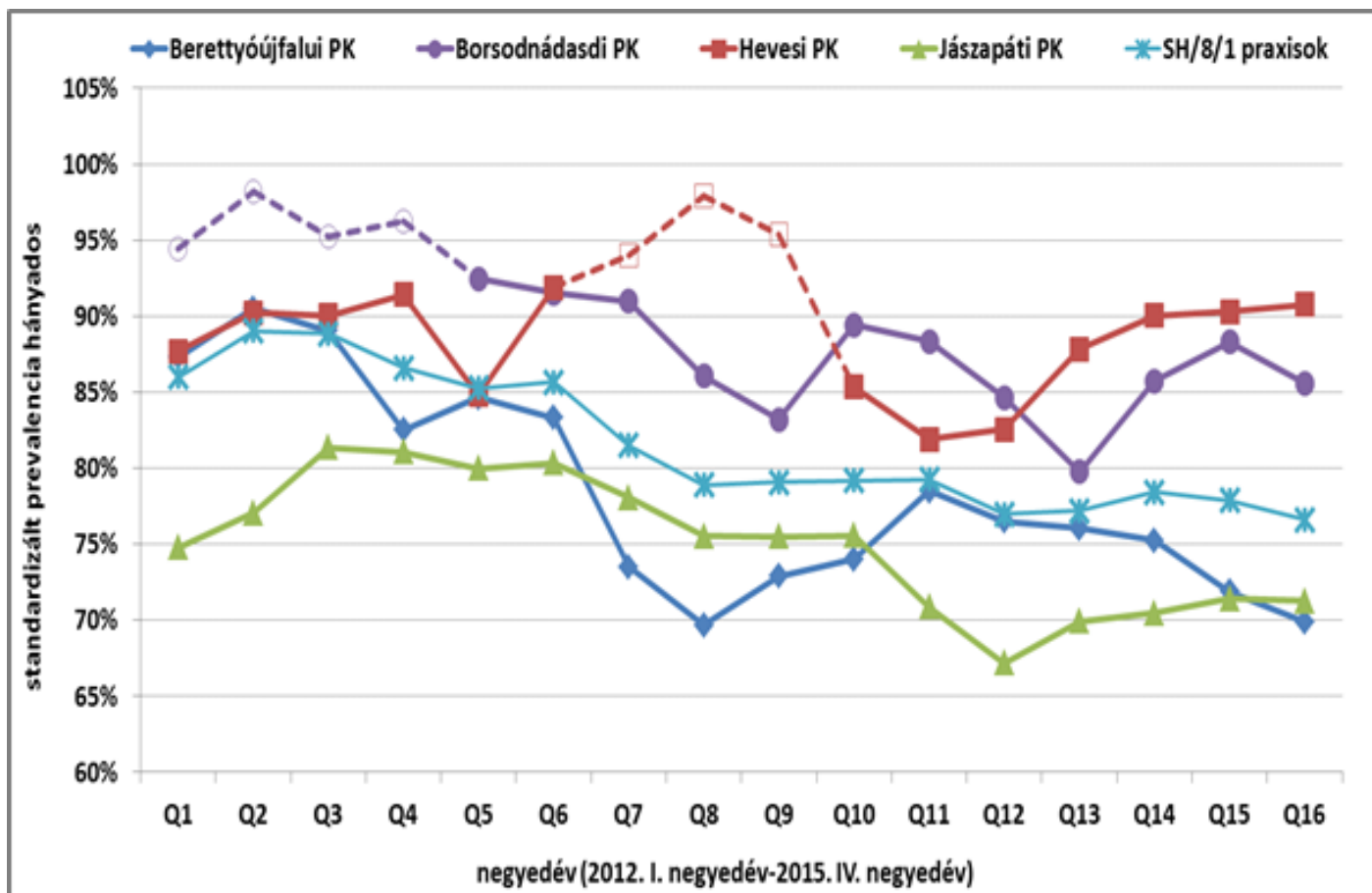
Baseline and final surveys

Standardized NHIF indicators

Disease specific surveys

4. Health-economic evaluation

Age, sex, county, settlement type and education standardized relative referral rate by quarters in the intervention and in the control area.



— Significant deviation from reference
 - - - - - Not deviated from reference

2012Q1-2015Q4

Age, sex, county, settlement type and education standardized PHC indicators for GPCs

indicator	change (GPC/Hungary)
FV01 - influenza vaccination coverage above 65	---
FV02 – mammography	temporary improvement
FV03 – prevalence of hypertension treatment among 40-54	improved
FV04 - prevalence of hypertension treatment among 55-69	improved
FV05 - prevalence of serum creatinine investigation among patients with hypertension	improved
FV06 - prevalence of lipid investigation among patients with hypertension and/or diabetes	improved
FV07 – beta-blockers application among IHD patients	---
FV08 - prevalence of HbA1c investigation among patients with diabetes	---
FV09 - prevalence of ophthalmologic investigation among patients with diabetes	---
FV10 – prevalence of spirometry among COPD	---
FV11 – referral rate	improved
FV12 – prevalence of treated with antibiotics	---
FV13 – antacids	Increased
FV14 – oral antidiabetics	---
FV15 - renin-angiotensin affecting antihypertensive drugs	---
FV16 – statins	---
FV17 - prevalence of diabetes treatment among 40-54	improved
FV18 - prevalence of diabetes treatment among 55-69	---
FV19 - influenza vaccination coverage <65, high in risk groups	---

A felírt recepteket nagyobb részben váltják ki a praxisközösségekben

- a többlet kiváltott receptek száma
- praxisközösség működésének tulajdoníthatóan
- egy negyedév alatt

1. Kardiovaszkuláris **2516**
2. Gasztrointestinális **1119**
3. Neurológiai **603**
4. Vérképzésre ható **588**
5. Légzőszervi **365**

